



The HOBO MX Temp/RH data logger records and transmits temperature and relative humidity (RH) in indoor environments with its integrated sensors. This Bluetooth® Low Energy-enabled logger is designed for wireless communication with a phone, tablet, or computer. Using the HOBObconnect® app, you can easily configure the logger and then download logged data to view or export for further analysis. The logger can calculate minimum, maximum, average, and standard deviation statistics and be configured to trip audible or visual alarms at thresholds you specify. The logger also supports burst logging in which data is logged at a different interval when sensor readings are above or below certain limits. This compact data logger also has a built-in LCD screen to display the current temperature, relative humidity, logging status, battery use, memory consumption, and more.

## HOBO MX Temp/RH Data Logger

Models: MX1101  
MX1101-01 (Japan and Korea)

### Included Items:

- Command™ strip
- Double-sided tape
- Hook & loop strap
- Two AAA 1.5 V alkaline batteries

### Required Items:

- HOBObconnect app
- Mobile device with Bluetooth and iOS, iPadOS®, or Android™, or a Windows computer with a native BLE adapter or supported BLE dongle

## Specifications

### Temperature Sensor

Range	-20° to 70°C (-4° to 158°F)
Accuracy	±0.21°C from 0° to 50°C (±0.38°F from 32° to 122°F), see Plot A
Resolution	0.024°C at 25°C (0.04°F at 77°F), see Plot A
Drift	<0.1°C (0.18°F) per year

### RH Sensor\*

Range	1% to 90% (non-condensing)
Accuracy	±2% from 20% to 80% typical to a maximum of ±4.5% including hysteresis at 25°C (77°F); below 20% and above 80% ±6% typical
Resolution	0.01%
Drift	<1% per year typical

### Response Time



Temperature	7:30 minutes in air moving 1 m/s (2.2 mph)
RH	20 seconds to 90% in airflow of 1 m/s (2.2 mph)

### Logger

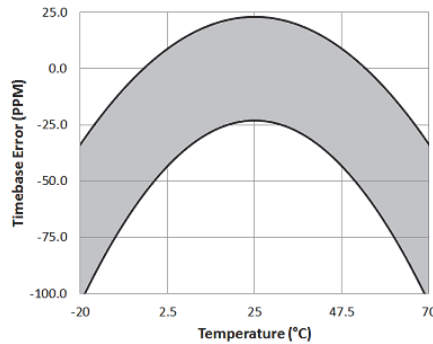
Radio Power	1 mW (0 dBm)
Transmission Range	Approximately 30.5 m (100 ft) line-of-sight
Wireless Data Standard	Bluetooth Low Energy (Bluetooth Smart)
Logger Operating Range	-20° to 70°C (-4° to 158°F); 0 to 95% RH (non-condensing)
Logging Rate	1 second to 18 hours
Logging Modes	Fixed interval (normal, statistics) or burst
Memory Modes	Wrap when full or stop when full
Start Modes	Immediate, push button, date & time, or next interval
Stop Modes	When memory full, push button, date & time, or after a set logging period
Restart Mode	Push button
Time Accuracy	±1 minute per month at 25°C (77°F), see Plot B
Battery Life	1 year, typical with logging interval of 1 minute. Faster logging and/or statistics sampling intervals, entering burst logging mode, and remaining connected with the app will impact battery life. Excessive readouts, audible alarms, and paging all impact battery life. Visual alarms and other events can have a marginal impact on battery life.
Battery Type	Two AAA 1.5 V alkaline batteries, user replaceable
Memory	128 KB (84,650 measurements, maximum)
Full Memory Download Time	Approximately 60 seconds; may take longer the further the device is from the logger

\*Per RH sensor manufacturer data sheet

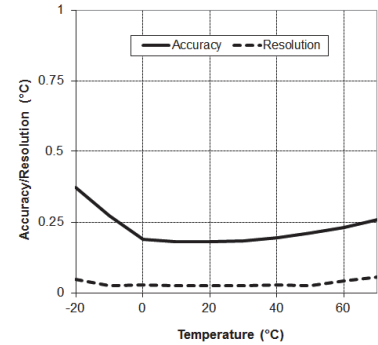
## Specifications (continued)

<b>LCD</b>	LCD is visible from 0° to 50°C (32° to 122°F); the LCD may react slowly or go blank in temperatures outside this range
<b>Size</b>	3.66 x 8.48 x 2.29 cm (1.44 x 3.34 x 0.9 in.)
<b>Weight</b>	56 g (1.98 oz)
<b>Environmental Rating</b>	IP50
	The CE Marking identifies this product as complying with all relevant directives in the European Union (EU).
	See last page

\*Per RH sensor manufacturer data sheet

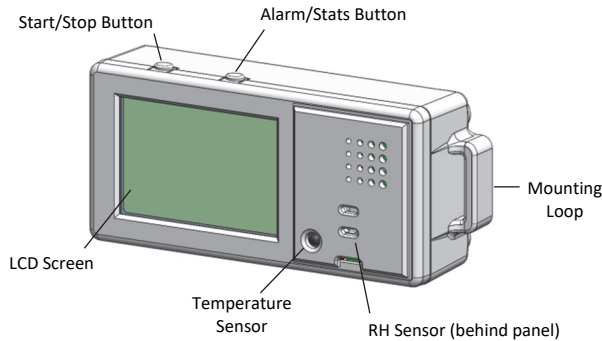


**Plot A: Temperature Accuracy and Resolution**



**Plot B: Time Accuracy**

## Logger Components and Operation



**Start/Stop Button:** Press this button for 3 seconds to start or stop logging data, or to resume logging on the next even logging interval. This requires configuring the logger in the app with a push button start or stop, and with Allow Button Restart selected (see *Configuring the Logger*). You can also press this button for 1 second to record an internal event (see *Logger Events*), to silence a beeping alarm (see *Setting up Alarms*), or to turn the LCD screen on if the option to turn off the LCD has been enabled (see *Configuring the Logger*).

Press both the Start/Stop button and the Alarm/Stats button simultaneously for 3 seconds to reset a logger password.

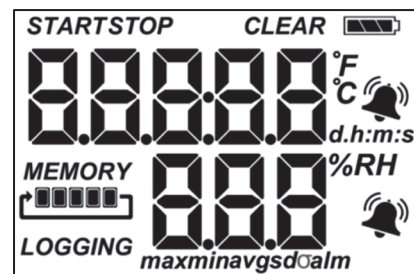
**Alarm/Stats Button:** Press this button for 1 second to switch between statistics, alarm readings, and the current sensor readings as applicable or to silence a beeping alarm. Press this button for 3 seconds to clear a visual alarm if the logger was configured in the app to maintain the visual alarm until the alarm button was pressed (see *Setting up Alarms*).

**Mounting Loops:** Use the two mounting loops (only one visible in the diagram) to mount the logger with the hook-and-loop strap (see *Mounting the Logger*).





**Temperature Sensor:** This sensor is located in the lower left corner of the raised panel to the right of the LCD screen.

**RH Sensor:** This sensor is located behind the vented panel in the logger case to the right of the LCD screen and the temperature sensor.

**LCD Screen:** This logger is equipped with an LCD screen that displays details about the current status. This example shows all symbols illuminated on the LCD screen followed by definitions of each symbol in the table on the next page.



LCD Symbol	Description
<b>START</b>	The logger is waiting to be started or restarted. Press and hold the Start/Stop button for 3 seconds to start the logger.

LCD Symbol	Description
<b>STOP</b>	The logger has been started with push button stop enabled; press and hold the Start/Stop button for 3 seconds to stop the logger.
	The battery indicator shows the approximate battery power remaining.
<b>MEMORY</b> 	The logger has been configured to stop logging when memory fills. The memory bar indicates the approximate space remaining in the logger to record data. When first started, all five segments in the bar will be empty. In this example, the logger memory is almost full (only one segment in the memory bar is empty).
<b>MEMORY</b> 	The logger has been configured to never stop logging (wrapping). The logger will continue recording data indefinitely, with newest data overwriting the oldest data until the batteries die or the logger is reconfigured. When first launched, all five segments in the memory bar will be empty. In this example, the memory is full (all five segments are filled in) and new data is now overwriting the oldest data. This will continue until the logger is stopped or the battery runs out.
<b>LOGGING</b>	The logger is currently logging.
	A sensor reading is above or below the high or low alarm limit that you configured. Press and release the Alarm/Stats button until the “alm” symbol (described below) is displayed on the screen. This symbol at left will clear depending on how visual alarms were configured in the app. If the visual alarm was set to clear when the logger is reconfigured, this symbol will remain on the LCD until the next time new configuration settings are loaded onto the logger (see <i>Configuring the Logger</i> ). Otherwise, it will clear when the sensor reading is back within the alarm limits or by pressing the Alarm/Stats button for 3 seconds.
<b>CLEAR</b>	A visual alarm is ready to be cleared. This will only appear if the app was configured to maintain the visual alarm until the alarm button is pressed. Press the Alarm/Stats button for 3 seconds to clear the visual alarm. Note that an audible alarm can be silenced by pressing the Start/Stop button or Alarm/Stats button for 1 second.
<b>max</b> <b>min</b> <b>avg</b> <b>sdσ</b>	These symbols show the maximum, minimum, average, and standard deviation values most recently calculated by the logger (if the fixed logging mode has been selected in the app and each statistic has been selected; see <i>Statistics Logging</i> ). Press the Alarm/Stats button for 1 second to cycle through the available statistics and then back to the current sensor reading (or to the alarm value if applicable).
<b>alm</b>	This is the farthest out-of-range sample displayed during the logger deployment. Press the Alarm/Stats button to view this reading. Press the Alarm/Stats button again to cycle through any statistics (defined above) and ultimately back to the current sensor reading.
<b>80.82<sup>F</sup></b>	This is an example of a temperature reading. Temperature units are determined by the settings in the app. To switch between Celsius and Fahrenheit, change the units in the app settings (the logger must be reconfigured for units changes to take effect).

LCD Symbol	Description
<b>68.0<sup>%RH</sup></b>	This is an example of an RH reading.
<b>05:38 m:s</b>	The logger has been configured to start logging on a particular date/time. The display will count down in days, hours, minutes, and seconds until logging begins. In this example, 5 minutes and 38 seconds remain until logging will begin.
<b>LoAd</b>	The configure settings are being loaded onto the logger from the app.
<b>Err</b>	An error occurred while loading the configuration settings onto the logger from the app. Try reconfiguring the logger.
<b>Stop</b>	The logger has been stopped with the app or because the memory is full.

**Notes:**

- You can disable the LCD screen when logging. Deselect “Show LCD” when setting up the logger as described in the next section. When this option is disabled, you can still temporarily view the LCD screen by pushing the Start/Stop button for 1 second. The LCD will then remain on for 10 minutes.
- The LCD screen refreshes every 15 seconds regardless of the logging interval selected in the app. If you choose a logging interval less than 15 seconds, the data will be recorded at the faster interval, but the sensor readings will only be updated on the screen every 15 seconds.
- When the logger has stopped logging, the LCD screen will remain on with “STOP” displayed until the logger is offloaded to your mobile device (unless the logger was configured with the “Show LCD” option disabled). Once the logger has been offloaded, the LCD will turn off automatically after 2 hours. The LCD will turn back on the next time the logger connects with your device through the app.
- The LCD screen flashes “HELLO” when you page the logger from the app (see *Downloading the App and Connecting to a Logger*).
- The LCD screen flashes “CHIRP OFF” when an audible alarm is cleared.

**Downloading the App and Connecting to a Logger**

Install the app to connect to and work with the logger.

1. **Download the app.** Download HOBObconnect to a phone or tablet from the App Store® or Google Play™ or download the app to a Windows computer











the logger and insert two AAA batteries observing polarity (see *Battery Information*). Reinsert the battery door and snap it back into place.

3. **Open the app.** Enable Bluetooth in your device settings if prompted.
4. **Connect to the logger.** Tap Devices and then tap the logger in the app to connect to it.


If the logger does not appear or if it is having trouble connecting, follow these tips:

- Make sure the logger is within range of your mobile device or computer. The range for successful wireless communication is approximately 30.5 m (100 ft) with full line-of-sight.
- If your device can connect to the logger intermittently or loses its connection, move closer to the logger, within sight if possible.
- If the logger appears in the app, but you cannot connect to it, close the app and then power down your device to force the previous Bluetooth connection to close.

Once the logger is connected, you can:


Tap this:	To do this:
	Select logger settings and save them onto the logger to start logging. See <i>Configuring the Logger</i> .
	Read out (offload) logger data. See <i>Reading Out the Logger</i> .
	Start or restart logging depending on the configuration settings selected in <i>Configuring the Logger</i> .
	Stop the logger from recording data (this overrides any Stop Logging settings described in <i>Configuring the Logger</i> ).
	Make the logger beep one time to help you locate it. "HELLO" also appears on the LCD when the logger is paged.
	Stop a beeping alarm on the logger if audible alarms are enabled as described in <i>Setting up Alarms</i> .
	Set a password for the logger that will be required if another mobile device attempts to connect to it. To reset a password, simultaneously press both the Start/Stop button and the Alarm/Stats button on the top of the logger for 3 seconds or tap  and tap Reset.
	Mark the logger as a favorite. You can then filter the list of devices to only show loggers marked as favorites.
	Update the firmware on the logger. A logger readout will be completed automatically at the beginning of the firmware update process

**Important:** Before updating the firmware on the logger, check the remaining battery level and make sure it is no less than 30%. Make sure you have the time to complete the entire update process, which requires that the logger remains connected to the device during the upgrade.

**Note:** Tapping this icon  is only required when using the app on an iPhone®, iPad®, or Android device.

## Configuring the Logger

Use the app to set up the logger, including setting alarms, selecting the options to start and stop logging, and choosing a logging mode. These steps provide an overview of setting up the logger. For complete details, see the app user's guide.

1. In the app, tap Devices and then tap the logger to connect to it.
2. Tap  to configure the logger.
3. Tap Name and type a name for the logger (optional). If no name is selected, the logger serial number is used as the name.
4. Tap Group to add the logger to a group (optional). Tap Save.
5. Tap Logging Interval and choose how frequently the logger will record data unless operating in burst logging mode (see *Burst Logging*).
6. Tap Start Logging and select when logging will begin:
  - **Now.** Logging will begin immediately after the configuration settings are loaded on the logger.
  - **On Next Logging Interval.** Logging will begin at the next even interval as determined by the selected logging interval.
  - **On Button Push.** Logging will begin once you press the Start/Stop logging button on the logger for 3 seconds or start logging with the app.
  - **On Date/Time.** Logging will begin at a date and time you specify. Select the Date and Time.
7. Tap Stop Logging and select the options for when logging will end.

Tap Save.

a. Choose one of two memory options:


- **When Memory Fills.** The logger will continue recording data until the memory is full.
- **Never (Wrap When Full).** The logger will continue recording data indefinitely, with newest data overwriting the oldest. This option is not available if the Logging Mode is set to Burst (see *Burst Logging*).

b. Select On Button Push if you want to be able to stop logging by pushing the Start/Stop button on the logger for 3 seconds.

If you select On Button Push for the Stop Logging option, then you also have the option to select Allow Button Restart. This allows you to stop and then resume logging during the deployment by pushing the Start/Stop button on the logger for 3 seconds.

**Important:** When Allow Button Restart is selected and you use the Start/Stop button to stop and restart logging, logging will restart on the next even logging interval, not at the time the button was pushed. For example, a logger started logging at 7:00 AM with a logging interval set to 1 hour. If you press the Start/Stop button to stop the logger at 8:45 AM and then press the button again at 10:15 AM, logging will not begin immediately at 10:15 AM. Instead, logging will begin again at 11:00 AM, which is the next even interval time based on your 1-hour logging interval. Therefore, depending on the logging interval, the gap between the time you press the button to resume logging and the time actual logging begins could be significant. The faster the logging interval, the less time will elapse before logging resumes.


- c. Select one of the following time options for when to stop logging:
  - **Never.** Select this if you do not want the logger to stop at any predetermined time frame.
  - **On Date/Time.** Select this if you want the logger to stop logging on a specific date and time. Select the date and time.
  - **After.** Select this if you want to control how long the logger should continue logging once it starts. Choose the amount of time you want the logger to log data. For example, select 30 days if you want the logger to log data for 30 days after logging begins.
- d. Tap Save.
8. Tap Logging Mode. Select either fixed or burst logging. With fixed logging, the logger records data for all enabled sensors and/or selected statistics at the logging interval selected (see *Statistics Logging* for details on choosing statistics options). In burst mode, logging occurs at a different interval when a specified condition is met. See *Burst Logging* for more information. Tap Save.
9. Enable or disable Show LCD, which controls whether the LCD on the logger will remain illuminated while the logger is logging. If you disable Show LCD, the LCD on the logger will not show the current reading, status, or other information while the logger is logging. You will, however, be able to temporarily turn the LCD screen on by pressing the Start/Stop button on the logger for 1 second. In addition, you can always view the status of any in-range logger on your mobile device regardless of the logger's LCD setting (may require a logger password as applicable).
10. Select the sensor measurement types that will be logged. By default, both the temperature and RH sensors are enabled. Both sensors are required to calculate dew point, which is an additional data series available for plotting after reading out the logger. You can also set up alarms to trip when a sensor reading rises above or falls below a specified value. See *Setting up Alarms* for details on enabling sensor alarms and selecting the associated audible and visual alarm settings.
11. Select whether to upload data to HOBOLink® via the gateway or the app (optional and requires an active HOBOLink account).

12. Tap  to save the configuration settings.

Logging will begin based on the settings you selected. Press the start button on the logger if you set it up to start logging with a button push. Deploy the logger using the mounting materials (see *Mounting the Logger*). After logging begins, you can read out the logger at any time (see *Reading Out the Logger* for details).

## Setting up Alarms

You can set an alarm to trip on the logger when a sensor reading rises above or falls below a specified value. This can alert you to problems so you can take corrective action. To set an alarm:

1. Tap Devices. Tap the logger in the app to connect to it and tap .
2. Tap a sensor (tap the Enable Logging toggle if necessary).
3. Select High if you want an alarm to trip when the sensor reading rises above the high alarm value. Drag the slider or type a value to set the high alarm value.
4. Select Low if you want an alarm to trip when the sensor reading falls below the low alarm value. Drag the slider or type a value to set the low alarm value.
5. For the Duration, select how much time should elapse before the alarm trips and select one of the following:
  - **Cumulative.** The alarm will trip once the sensor reading is out of the acceptable range for the selected duration any time during logging. For example, if the high alarm is set to 85°F and the duration is set to 30 minutes, then the alarm will trip once the sensor readings have been above 85°F for a total of 30 minutes since the logger was configured.
  - **Consecutive.** The alarm will trip once the sensor reading is out of the acceptable range continuously for the selected duration. For example, the high alarm is set to 85°F and the duration is set to 30 minutes, then the alarm will only trip if all sensor readings are 85°F or above for a continuous 30-minute period.
6. Tap Save and repeat steps 2–6 for the other sensor if desired.
7. In the configuration settings, enable Audible Alarm if you want a beep to sound on the logger every 30 seconds when the sensor alarm trips. The beeping will continue until the alarm is cleared from the app, either button on the top of the logger is pressed, or 7 days have passed. Battery life will be slightly reduced when this setting is enabled. It is recommended that you only enable this feature if you have regular access to the logger so that you can easily turn off the beeping.
8. For Maintain Visual Alarms Until, select one of the following options to determine how long the alarm icon will remain illuminated on the logger LCD screen after an alarm trips:
  - **Logger Reconfigured.** The alarm icon will remain visible on the LCD until the next time the logger is reconfigured.
  - **Sensor in Limits.** The alarm icon will remain visible on the LCD until the sensor reading returns to the normal range between any configured high and low alarm limits.

- **Alarm Button Pressed.** The alarm icon will remain visible until you press the Alarm/Stats button on the logger.

## 9. Tap .

### Notes:



- The alarm icon will be illuminated on the logger LCD when the alarm trips. You can also press the Alarms/Stats button on the logger to view the farthest out-of-range value during the deployment. Alarm limits are checked when the logger's LCD screen refreshes every 15 seconds.
- The actual values for the high and low alarm limits are set to the closest value supported by the logger. In addition, alarms can trip or clear when the sensor reading is within the resolution specifications. This means the value that triggers the alarm may differ slightly than the value entered.
- When you read out the logger, alarm events can be displayed on the plot or in the data file. See *Logger Events*.
- Once cleared, an audible alarm will start beeping again if the sensor values go out of the normal range. Even if an audible alarm is cleared, a visual alarm may remain on the logger LCD and in the app depending on the settings selected for maintaining visual alarms or because the alarm condition may still be in effect. In addition, an audible alarm will continue beeping when the sensor values have returned to the normal range until it is cleared as described in step 8.
- Although an audible alarm and a visual alarm can occur at the same time when a sensor alarm is tripped, they are cleared in different ways. The audible alarm can be cleared as described in step 8. Meanwhile, a visual alarm is cleared as determined by the setting selected for Maintain Visual Alarm Until configuration setting. This means you could clear a beeping audible alarm and the visual alarm will remain on the LCD and in the app until the logger is reconfigured, the sensor is in limits, or the alarm button is pressed--whichever setting you selected.
- If the logger was configured to stop logging with a button push, any tripped alarms will be cleared automatically when logging is stopped and no Alarm Cleared event will be logged. This ensures that the logger will start checking for alarm conditions when logging resumes (if the logger was configured with Allow Button Restart selected).

## Burst Logging

Burst logging is a logging mode that allows you to set up more frequent logging when a specified condition is met. For example, a logger is recording data at a 5-minute logging interval and burst logging is configured to log every 30 seconds when the temperature rises above 85°F (the high limit) or falls below 32°F (the low limit). This means the logger will record data every 5 minutes as long as the temperature remains between 85°F and 32°F. Once the temperature rises above 85°F, the logger will switch to the faster logging rate and record data every 30 seconds until the temperature falls back to 85°F. At that time, logging then resumes every 5 minutes at the normal logging interval. Similarly, if the temperature falls below

32°F, then the logger would switch to burst logging mode again and record data every 30 seconds. Once the temperature rises back to 32°F, the logger will then return to normal mode, logging every 5 minutes. **Note:** Sensor alarms, statistics, and the Stop Logging option "Wrap When Full" are not available in burst logging mode.

To set up burst logging:

1. Tap Devices. Tap the logger in the app to connect to it and tap .
2. Tap Logging Mode and then tap Burst Logging.
3. Select Low and/or High and either type or drag the slider to set the low and/or high values.
4. Repeat step 3 for the other sensor if desired.
5. Set the burst logging interval, which must be faster than the logging interval. Keep in mind that the more frequent the burst logging rate, the greater the impact on battery life and the shorter the logging duration.
6. Tap Save.
7. Tap .

### Notes:

- The high and low burst limits are only checked when the logger's LCD screen refreshes once every 15 seconds. Therefore, if you set the logging interval to less than 15 seconds and the sensor reading falls outside the levels, the burst logging will not begin until the next 15-second refresh cycle.
- If high and/or low limits have been configured for more than one sensor, then burst logging will begin when any high or low condition goes out of range. Burst logging will not end until all conditions on all sensors are back within normal range.
- The actual values for the burst logging limits are set to the closest value supported by the logger.
- Burst logging mode can begin or end when the sensor reading is within the resolution specifications. This means the value that triggers burst logging may differ slightly than the value entered.
- Once the high or low condition clears, the logging interval time will be calculated using the last recorded data point in burst logging mode, not the last data point recorded in normal mode. For example, a logger has a 10-minute logging interval and logged a data point at 9:05. Then, the high limit was surpassed and burst logging began at 9:06. Burst logging then continued until 9:12 when the sensor reading fell back below the high limit. Now back in normal mode, the next logging interval will be 10 minutes from the last burst logging point, or 9:22 in this case. If burst logging had not occurred, the next data point would have been at 9:15.
- A New Interval event is created each time the logger enters or exits burst logging mode. See *Logger Events* for details on plotting and viewing the event. In addition, if the logger is stopped with a button push while in burst logging mode, then a New Interval event is automatically logged and the burst condition is cleared, even if the actual high or low condition has not cleared. The logger

will check the high and low conditions when logging resumes (if the logger was configured with Allow Button Restart selected).


## Statistics Logging

During fixed logging, the logger records data for enabled sensors and/or selected statistics at the logging interval selected. Statistics are calculated at a sampling rate you specify with the results for the sampling period recorded at each logging interval. The following statistics can be logged for each sensor:

- The maximum, or highest, sampled value,
- The minimum, or lowest, sampled value,
- An average of all sampled values, and
- The standard deviation from the average for all sampled values.

For example, a logger is configured with both the temperature and RH sensors enabled, and the logging interval set to 5 minutes. The logging mode is set to fixed logging with Normal and all four statistics enabled and with a statistics sampling interval of 30 seconds. Once logging begins, the logger will measure and record the actual temperature and RH sensor values every 5 minutes. In addition, the logger will take a temperature and RH sample every 30 seconds and temporarily store them in memory. The logger will then calculate the maximum, minimum, average, and standard deviation using the samples gathered over the previous 5-minute period and log the resulting values. When reading out the logger, this would result in 10 data series (not including any derived series, such as dew point): two sensor series (with temperature and RH data logged every 5 minutes) plus eight maximum, minimum, average, and standard deviation series (four for temperature and four for RH with values calculated and logged every 5 minutes based on the 30-second sampling).

To log statistics:

1. Tap Devices. Tap the logger in the app to connect to it and tap .
2. Tap Logging Mode and then select Fixed Logging.
3. Select Normal to record the current reading for each enabled sensor at the logging interval shown at the top of the screen. Do not select this if you only want to log statistics.
4. Select the statistics you want the logger to record at each logging interval: Maximum, Minimum, Average, and Standard Deviation (average is automatically enabled when selecting Standard Deviation). Statistics will be logged for all enabled sensors. In addition, the more statistics you record, the shorter the logger duration and the more memory is required.
5. Tap Statistics Sampling Interval and select the rate to use for calculating statistics. The rate must be less than, and a factor of, the logging interval. For example, if the logging interval is 1 minute and you select 5 seconds for the sampling rate, then the logger will take 12 sample readings between each logging interval (one sample every 5 seconds for a minute) and use the 12 samples to record the resulting statistics at each 1-minute logging interval. Note that the

more frequent the sampling rate, the greater the impact on battery life.

6. Tap Save.



7. Tap .



Once logging begins, click the Alarm/Stats button on the logger to cycle through the current maximum, minimum, average, and standard deviation data on the LCD screen. Note that the logger will always display the current sensor readings in the app even if they are not being logged. You can plot the statistics series once you read out the logger.

## Setting a Password

You can create an encrypted password for the logger that will be required if another device attempts to connect to it. This is recommended to ensure that a deployed logger is not mistakenly stopped or purposely altered by others. This password uses a proprietary encryption algorithm that changes with every connection.




To set a password:

1. Tap Devices. Tap the logger to connect to it.
2. Tap  (if applicable) and tap .
3. Type a password and then tap Set.

Only the device used to set the password can then connect to the logger without entering a password; all other devices will be required to enter the password. For example, if you set the password for the logger with your tablet and then try to connect to the logger later with your phone, you will be required to enter the password on the phone but not with your tablet. Similarly, if others attempt to connect to the logger with different devices, then they would also be required to enter the password. To reset a password, simultaneously press both the Start/Stop button and the Alarm/Stats button on the top of the logger for 3 seconds or connect to the logger and tap  (if applicable), tap , and tap Reset.

## Reading Out the Logger

To offload data from the logger:


1. Tap Devices. Tap the logger in the app to connect to it.
2. Tap . The logger will read out the data to the phone, tablet, or computer.
3. Once the readout is complete, tap HOBO Files and select the file to view it. Tap  (if applicable) and tap  to export the data.

Data can also be uploaded automatically to HOBOLink, Onset's web-based software, via the app or the MX gateway. For details, see the app user's guide and see the HOBOLink help for details on working with data in HOBOLink.

## Logger Events

The logger records the following internal events to track logger operation and status. You can view events in exported files or plot events in the app.

To plot events, tap HOBO Files and select a file to open.

Tap  (if applicable) and tap . Select the events you want to plot and tap OK.

Internal Event Name	Definition
Host Connected	The logger was connected to the mobile device.
Started	The Start/Stop button was pressed to begin or resume logging.
Stopped	The logger received a command to stop recording data (from the app or by pushing the Start/Stop button).
Button Up/Button Down	The Start/Stop button was pressed for 1 second.
Chan <#> Alarm Tripped	A sensor alarm has tripped; <#> is the sensor number, where 1 is temperature and 2 is RH.
Chan <#> Alarm Cleared	A sensor alarm has cleared; <#> is the sensor number, where 1 is temperature and 2 is RH. This event also contains the value that was furthest out of range for the sensor before the alarm cleared, which is only available in a shared or exported file.
New Interval	The logger has entered or exited burst logging mode.
Safe Shutdown	The battery level dropped below 1.85 V; the logger performs a safe shutdown.

## Mounting the Logger

There are several ways to mount the logger using the materials included:

- Use the four magnets on the back of the logger case to mount it to a magnetic surface.
- Attach Command strips to the back of the logger to mount it a wall or other flat surface. Double up the two Command strips so that they protrude past the magnets.
- Use the double-sided tape to affix the logger to a surface.
- Insert the hook-and-loop strap through the mounting loops on both sides of the logger to mount it to a curved surface, such as a pipe or tubing.

## Protecting the Logger

The logger is designed for indoor use and can be permanently damaged by corrosion if it gets wet. Protect it from condensation. If the message FAIL CLK appears on the LCD screen, there was a failure with the internal logger clock possibly due to condensation. Remove the battery immediately and dry the circuit board.

**Note: Static electricity may cause the logger to stop logging.**

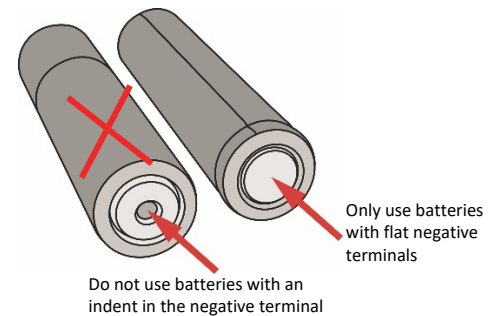
The logger has been tested to 8 KV, but avoid electrostatic discharge by grounding yourself to protect the logger.

## Battery Information

The logger requires two user-replaceable AAA 1.5 V alkaline or optional lithium batteries for operation at the extreme ends of

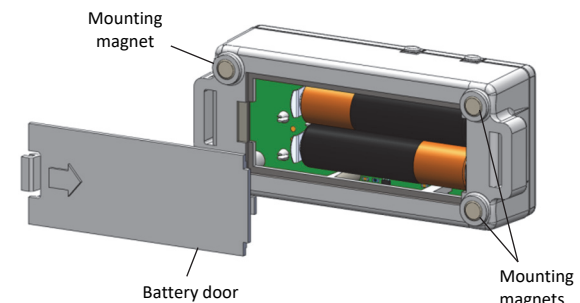
the logger operating range. Expected battery life varies based on the ambient temperature where the logger is deployed, the logging or sampling interval, frequency of offloading and connection to the mobile device, number of channels that are active, audible alarms duration, use of burst mode or statistics logging, and battery performance. New batteries typically last 1 year with logging intervals greater than 1 minute. Deployments in extremely cold or hot temperatures, a logging interval faster than 1 minute, or a sampling interval faster than 15 seconds can impact battery life. Estimates are not guaranteed due to uncertainties in initial battery conditions and operating environment.

**Note:** Make sure the batteries installed have flat negative terminals. There should be no indent in the bottom of the batteries. Batteries with indents in the negative terminals may become loose and prevent proper operation.



To install or replace the batteries:

1. Open the battery door on the back of the logger.



2. Remove any old batteries.
3. Insert two new batteries observing polarity.
4. Reinsert the battery door and snap it back into place.

**⚠ WARNING:** Do not cut open, incinerate, heat above 85°C (185°F), or recharge the lithium batteries. The batteries may explode if the logger is exposed to extreme heat or conditions that could damage or destroy the battery case. Do not dispose of the logger or batteries in fire. Do not expose the contents of the batteries to water. Dispose of the batteries according to local regulations for lithium batteries.